

Copyright 2022 NRDC Lead & Copper Rule October 10 - 17, 2022 38243 1000 Nationwide RV Interviews, MoE: +/- 3.1% 201 Illinois RV Interviews, MoE: +/- 6.9% 206 Missouri RV Interviews, MoE: +/- 6.8% 201 Wisconsin RV Interviews, MoE: +/- 6.9%

31. Are you	at least 18	years old and	registered to	o vote in	[STATE]?
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	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			RV
Yes	100%	100%	100%	100%
No	-	-	-	-
Don't know	-	-	-	-

s2. As you may know, there will be an election for U.S. Congress and other offices in November. How likely are you to vote in the election for U.S. Congress? Will you definitely vote, probably vote, are the chances 50-50, probably not vote, or definitely not vote? Or have you already voted?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			<u>RV</u>
Definitely	70%	72%	64%	78%
Probably	12	10	16	12
Chance 50-50	11	11	12	7
Probably not	3	1	5	1
Definitely not	2	2	1	*
Already voted	2	4	1	2

P1. When it comes to politics, do you generally think of yourself as a strong Democrat, not very strong Democrat, strong Republican, not very strong Republican, an independent, or some other political party? [IF INDEPENDENT/OTHER] Do you think of yourself as closer to the Democratic Party or the Republican Party?

		<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
		<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>
	Strong Democrat	26%	31%	19%	24%
	Strong Democrat	13	15	10	12
	Independent / Closer to the Democrats	6	9	6	7
	Independent / Closer to the Democrats	12	8	13	12
	Independent / Closer to the Republicans	4	10	5	5
	Weak Republican	15	14	21	21
	Strong Republican(Don't know/Refused)	24	13	26	20
VOL:	(Don't know/Refused)	-	-	-	-
	DEMOCRAT (NET)	39%	46	29	36
	INDEPENDENT (NET)	22	27	24	24
	REPUBLICAN (NET)	39	27	47	40
	DEMOCRAT W/ LEANERS (NET)	45%	55	36	43
	REPUBLICAN W/ LEANERS (NET)	42	37	52	45

P2. How important is politics to your personal identity?

	nationwide	IIIIIIOIS RV	WISSOUTI KV	wisconsin
	<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>
Very important	33%	41%	22%	28%
Somewhat important	41	33	49	40
Not too important	17	21	22	24
Not at all important	9	5	7	7
IMPORTANT (NET)	74%	74	71	69
NOT IMPORTANT (NFT)	26	26	29	31

B2. The following is a list of priorities for the federal government. How important of a priority do you think each should be?

	HIG	H PRIORITY		NOT A	A PRIORITY	Ni	ET
	One of top	Important but not top	A lower priority	Not a priority	Should not be done at all	HIGH PRIORITY	NOT A PRIORITY
• Improving the economy and reducing inflation		<u>-</u>					
Nationwide RV	77%	19	3	1	1	96%	2
Illinois RV Missouri RV	81% 80%	15 18	3 1	1 1		96% 98%	1
Wisconsin RV	78%	19	1	1	1	97%	2
• [SPLIT A] Ensuring access to safe drinking water							
for all AmericansNationwide RV	59%	33	6	1	1	91%	2
Illinois RV	52%	40	8	*		92%	*
Missouri RV	59%	32	9	*	:	91%	*
Wisconsin RV	60%	30	9	-	1	90%	1
Reducing crime							
Nationwide RV Illinois RV	57% 63%	33 29	8 6	1 2	1	90% 92%	2 2
Missouri RV	54%	39	5	2 3	*	93%	2
Wisconsin RV	61%	29	7	3	-	90%	2 3
Bringing down the cost of health care and prescription drugs							
Nationwide RV	54%	36	6	3	1	90%	4
Illinois RV	54%	37	7	2	*	91%	2
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	58% 55%	36 38	4 6	-	1	95% 93%	1
[SPLIT B] Ensuring access to affordable drinking water for all Americans							
Nationwide RV	49%	38	9	3	1	88%	4
Illinois RV	47%	36	10	7	*	83%	7
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	50% 60%	37 27	12 12	1	-	87% 87%	1
Improving education							
Nationwide RV	42%	45	9	2 2	1	88%	3
Illinois RV Missouri RV	43% 41%	40 46	14 12	2	*	83%	3
Wisconsin RV	43%	46 49	12 6	1	*	87% 92%	1
Addressing climate change							
Nationwide RV	39%	30	15	12	5	69%	16
Illinois RV	43%	33	13	9	5 3 3	76%	11
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	28% 33%	32 34	26 17	12 13	3	60% 67%	15 16
	JJ /0	У4	17	10	3	07 /0	10
Addressing income inequality	0001	00	4=	_	_	740/	40
Nationwide RV Illinois RV	32% 35%	39 36	17 21	9 6	2	71% 72%	12 8
Missouri RV	29%	38	18	11	5	67%	16
Wisconsin RV	25%	44	16	12	3	69%	15

Q13. Overall, how would you describe the amount you pay regularly for water utilities?
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	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	<u>RV</u>			RV
Very affordable	26%	23%	22%	19%
Somewhat affordable	42	45	50	48
Somewhat unaffordable	17	16	17	20
Very unaffordable	5	8	5	2
Don't know enough to say	9	7	6	11
AFFORDABLE (NET)	68% 23	68 24	72 22	67 22

B3. For each of the following, please indicate whether you think it is getting better or getting worse.

Access to safe drinking water across the country			Getting <u>better</u>	Staying the same	Getting worse
Nationwide RV 26% 48 26 18 18 25 48 27 25% 48 27 25% 48 27 25% 48 27 25% 48 27 25% 48 27 26% 40 34 26% 26% 40 34 26% 26% 40 34 26% 26% 26% 27 27 28% 29% 29% 29% 29% 29% 29% 29% 26% 2	Access to safe drinking water across the country				
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV 25% 48 27 26% 48 34 Wisconsin RV 26% 40 34 • The level and frequency of toxic chemicals such as lead in drinking water systems	·		26%	48	26
• The level and frequency of toxic chemicals such as lead in drinking water systems. Nationwide RV 26% 47 27 Illinois RV 29% 49 21 Missouri RV 25% 49 26 Wisconsin RV 26% 42 32 • Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities Nationwide RV 23% 51 26 Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35		Illinois RV	25%	48	27
The level and frequency of toxic chemicals such as lead in drinking water systems Nationwide RV 26% 47 27 Illinois RV 29% 49 21 Missouri RV 25% 49 26 Wisconsin RV 26% 42 32 Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities Nationwide RV 23% 51 26 Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35		Missouri RV	25%	48	27
Nationwide RV 26% Illinois RV 29% 49 21 Illinois RV 25% 49 26 Wisconsin RV 26% 42 32 Missouri RV 26% 42 32 Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities Nationwide RV 23% 51 26 Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35		Wisconsin RV	26%	40	34
Illinois RV Missouri RV 29% Missouri RV 25% 49 26 Wisconsin RV 26% 42 32 Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities Nationwide RV 23% 51 26 Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35	• The level and frequency of toxic chemicals such as lead in drinking water systems				
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV 25% 49 26 26 32 Wisconsin RV 26% 42 32 • Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities Nationwide RV 14% 54 32 14% 54 32 14% 54 32 14% 19% 46 35		Nationwide RV	26%	47	27
Wisconsin RV 26% 42 32 ◆ Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities Nationwide RV 23% 51 26 Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35		Illinois RV	29%	49	21
◆ Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities		Missouri RV	25%	49	
Nationwide RV 23% 51 26 Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35		Wisconsin RV	26%	42	32
Illinois RV 14% 54 32 Missouri RV 19% 46 35	Access to safe drinking water in low-income communities				
Missouri RV 19% 46 35	·	Nationwide RV	23%	51	26
		Illinois RV	14%	54	32
Wisconsin RV 22% 45 33		Missouri RV	19%	46	35
		Wisconsin RV	22%	45	33

Q17. How big of a problem do you think lead pipes in U.S. drinking water systems are?

<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
<u>RV</u>			RV
15%	17%	11%	15%
55	56	54	41
26	26	31	43
4	1	4	*
70%	73	65	57
30	27	35	43
	Nationwide RV 15% 55 26 4 70% 30	Nationwide Illinois RV RV 15% 17% 55 56 26 26 4 1 70% 73 30 27	Nationwide RV Illinois RV Missouri RV 15% 17% 11% 55 56 54 26 26 31 4 1 4 70% 73 65 30 27 35

Q18. How big of a problem do you think lead pipes in your state's drinking water systems are?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			<u>RV</u>
A crisis	11%	12%	5%	12%
A major problem	40	40	45	34
A minor problem	40	43	38	49
Not a problem	9	5	12	6
CRISIS/ MAJOR PROBLEM (NET)	51%	52	49	45
MINOR/ NOT A PROBLEM (NET)	49	48	51	55

Q19. How worried are you about exposure to toxic chemicals, such as lead, in your home tap water?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			RV
Extremely worried	19%	20%	13%	15%
Somewhat worried	37	37	30	31
Somewhat less worried	21	26	30	24
Not at all worried	19	16	23	31
No opinion/neutral	4	1	3	*
WORDIED (NET)	EC0/	E7	42	46
WORRIED (NET)	50%	5/	43	40
LESS/NOT WORRIED (NET)	40	42	54	54

v1. Based on what you know, do you support or oppose updating a rule from the Environmental Protection Agency that would require water utilities to replace all of their lead pipes within the next 10 years?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Illinois RV</u>	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			RV
Strongly support	55%	56%	50%	45%
Somewhat support	37	40	43	49
Somewhat oppose	7	4	6	7
Strongly oppose	2	*	1	-
SUPPORT (NET)	91%	96	92	93
OPPOSE (NET)	9	4	8	7

POL1. Would you have a more or less favorable opinion towards a policymaker who supports an EPA rule that requires water utilities to replace all of their lead pipes in the next 10 years or less, or would it not make a difference in your opinion of them?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin
	RV			RV
Much more favorable	36%	37%	32%	30%
Somewhat more favorable	33	40	34	31
No difference	28	22	32	40
Somewhat less favorable	2	1	2	*
Much less favorable	1	-	-	-
MORE FAVORABLE (NET)	69%	77	66	60
LESS FAVORABLE (NET)	3	1	2	*

As you may or may not know, drinking water across the country is frequently carried to homes through pipes that contain lead which contaminates our water and threatens the health of residents.

Three decades ago, Congress banned the installment of lead water pipes, but allowed existing lead pipes to remain in use. Today, as many as 12 million lead pipes still carry drinking water to millions of homes every day. The EPA – which is responsible for ensuring safe drinking water across the country – currently has a rule that allows most lead pipes to remain in use, and gives the most lead-contaminated water utilities more than 30 years to replace their lead pipes. However, there is a proposal to update the current lead rule that would require all lead pipes to be replaced by water utilities in the next 10 years.

v2. After reading this information, do you support or oppose updating a rule from the Environmental Protection Agency that would require water utilities to replace all of their lead pipes within the next 10 years?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>
Strongly support	56%	57%	57%	50%
Somewhat support	37	34	37	39
Somewhat oppose	6	7	5	9
Strongly oppose		2	1	2
SUPPORT (NET)	93%	91	94	89
OPPOSE (NET)	7	9	6	11

B4. Below is a list of provisions a reformed EPA rule may include. Please indicate if you support or oppose each item.

_	SUPPO	ORT	OPPOSE		SE NET	
	Strongly	<u>Some</u>	Some	<u>Strongly</u>	SUPPORT	OPPOSE
Water utilities should be required to ensure that no one's tap water has an unsafe level of lead						
Nationwide RV Illinois RV	71% 74%	22 21	5 4	1	94% 96%	6 4
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	69% 67%	28 25	1	2 3	97% 92%	3
	01 70	20	Ü		0270	
Water utilities should be required to rigorously monitor lead levels in areas that are at high-risk for lead exposure.						
Nationwide RV Illinois RV	71% 72%	24 22	4 5	1	95% 94%	5 6
Missouri RV	67%	29 26	2	1	96%	4 5
Wisconsin RV	70%	20	4		95%	5
Water utilities should be required to treat their water in ways that will reduce the amount of lead contamination in water						
Nationwide RV Illinois RV	68% 76%	26 19	4 4	1	94% 95%	6 5
Missouri RV	67%	31	1	*	98%	2
Wisconsin RV	62%	32	6	-	94%	6
Water utilities should be required to identify and disclose all lead pipes that are currently in use						
Nationwide RV	68%	25	6	1	93%	7
Illinois RV	76%	17 20	7	*	92%	8 2
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	62% 67%	36 26	2 6	1	98% 93%	7
Wisconsility	01 /0	20		'	3370	′

B4. Below is a list of provisions a reformed EPA rule may include. Please indicate if you support or oppose each item.

	SUPPO	ORT	OPPOSE		NET	
	Strongly	<u>Some</u>	<u>Some</u>	<u>Strongly</u>	SUPPORT	<u>OPPOSE</u>
Water utilities should institute water sampling protocols that fully						
capture lead levels in tap water and should be banned from using						
methods that minimize detections of lead Nationwide RV	66%	28	5	1	94%	6
Illinois RV	72%	21	6	1	93%	7
Missouri RV	64%	31	4	1	95%	5
Wisconsin RV	66%	28	4	1	94%	6
Water utilities should help schools and daycare centers install water						
filters to remove lead in their drinking water						
Nationwide RV	64%	26	8	2	90%	10
Illinois RV	72%	21	6	*	93%	7
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	63% 65%	28 25	6 7	2 2	91% 90%	9 10
Wisconsiii KV	00 /0	20	'	2	3070	10
Water utilities should be required to fully replace all lead pipes on public and private property						
Nationwide RV	58%	30	10	2	88%	12
Illinois RV	67%	26	6	2 2	93%	7
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	50% 50%	42 32	6 15	3	92% 82%	8 18
Wisconsility	30 /0	52	15	3	02 /0	10
Water utilities should be required to replace lead pipes at a rate of at least 10% per year.						
Nationwide RV	56%	35	8	1	91%	9
Illinois RV	58%	36	5	*	94%	6
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	53% 52%	39 34	5 14	3	92% 86%	8 14
WISCONSIII KV	JZ /0	J 4	14	'	00 /0	14
Water utilities should fund the full cost of replacing all lead pipes						
Nationwide RV	54%	30	13	3	84%	16
Illinois RV	50%	38	10	2	88%	12
Missouri RV	40%	39	18	3	79%	21
Wisconsin RV	44%	30	22	4	74%	26

B5. Below is a list of statements on water infrastructure. Please indicate if you agree or disagree with each statement.

	AGREE		DISAGREE		NET	
	Strongly	Some	Some	Strongly	AGREE	DISAGREE
• The federal government, along with water utilities and states, need to						
ensure access to safe drinking water						
Nationwide RV	69%	24	6	2	93%	7
Illinois RV	73%	23	3	1	96%	4
Missouri RV	66%	24	5	4	91%	9
Wisconsin RV	70%	23	6	1	93%	7
• [SPLIT B] The federal government, along with water utilities and states, should replace all existing lead pipes						
Nationwide RV	60%	29	8	3	89%	11
Illinois RV	54%	39	5	1	93%	7
Missouri RV	44%	41	9	5	85%	15
Wisconsin RV	62%	26	11	*	88%	12

B5. Below is a list of statements on water infrastructure. Please indicate if you agree or disagree with each statement.

	AGRI	EE	DISAGREE		NET	
	Strongly	<u>Some</u>	<u>Some</u>	Strongly	AGREE	DISAGREE
The federal government should help fund and secure resources for states and communities that need assistance replacing lead pipes Nationwide RV Illinois RV Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	58%	31	8	3	90%	10
	67%	26	7	1	92%	8
	52%	36	6	5	88%	12
	58%	28	12	2	86%	14
• [SPLIT A] The federal government, along with water utilities and states, need to replace all existing underground lead pipes serving homes with their drinking water regardless of whether they travel under private or public property.						
Nationwide RV	57%	30	11	2	87%	13
Illinois RV	67%	26	5	1	94%	6
Missouri RV	49%	34	15	2	83%	17
Wisconsin RV	47%	39	10	4	86%	14
Investments in water infrastructure should be targeted to communities that have been underserved for far too long						
Nationwide RV	54%	32	11	2	86%	14
Illinois RV	58%	24	14	4	82%	18
Missouri RV	53%	33	13	1	85%	15
Wisconsin RV	45%	41	14	*	86%	14
Infrastructure investments should be directed to water systems with the greatest number of lead pipes.						
Nationwide RV	52%	40	7	2	91%	9
Illinois RV	58%	36	5	1	95%	5
Missouri RV	46%	44	9	1	91%	9
Wisconsin RV	44%	47	9	*	91%	9
 Even if water costs customers somewhat more, it's important for water utilities to get rid of lead pipes and to reduce lead levels in tap water	50%	36	10	4	86%	14
	52%	37	8	3	88%	12
	45%	38	12	5	83%	17
	42%	45	12	1	86%	14

Q35. [TIMING] Thinking about the proposed rule you read about, who do you agree with more?

	Nationwide RV	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin RV
Supporters of the proposal say U.S. water infrastructure is outdated and no American should have to face severe health risks from water contaminated by lead pipes. They say the current EPA rule, which allows utilities to leave most lead pipes in use and lets highly lead-contaminated systems more than 30 years of continued lead pipe use, falls short. We need a better plan that will solve this issue sooner	68%	79%	62%	71%
unnecessary costs	32	21	38	29

Q36. [RISING COSTS] Thinking about the proposed rule you read about, who do you	u agree with m <u>Nationwide</u> RV	nore? Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin RV
Supporters of the proposal who say access to safe drinking water is a basic human right. They say no person in America should be forced to drink contaminated water that exposes them to severe health risks, and the EPA has the responsibility to put American	<u></u>			<u></u>
lives and health ahead of the costs to water utilities	79%	77%	74%	76%
utilities to go bankrupt or raise prices on consumers	21	23	26	24
Q37. [UTILITY RESPONSIBILITY] Thinking about the proposed rule you read about, w	vho do you agı <u>Nationwide</u>	ree with more	? Missouri RV	Wisconsin
	RV	IIIIIOIS IXV	WISSOUT IXV	RV
Supporters of the proposal who say that it was the water utilities who installed or approved of these lead pipes years ago, and it should be their responsibility to pay for			-404	
replacing them Opponents of the proposal who say forcing water utilities to replace all lead pipes, regardless of location or levels of lead exposure, is unnecessary and will cause many	73%	74%	71%	71%
utilities to go bankrupt or raise prices on consumers.	27	26	29	29
Q38. [PRIVATE PROPERTY] Thinking about the proposed rule you read about, who	do you agree v Nationwide RV	vith more? Illinois RV	<u>Missouri RV</u>	Wisconsin RV
Supporters of the proposal who say that exposure to lead poses serious health risks that cannot be ignored, and that's why any lead pipe replacement plan should pay for 100% of the cost to replace the lead pipes providing water to homes, no matter whether the pipes are under public property or under someone's front yard. Otherwise, low-income families and people who rent will still have to drink water from these lead pipes	80%	85%	85%	76%
Opponents of the proposal who say replacing all lead pipes will burden water utilities, and that they shouldn't be required to remove the part of a lead service line that is under private property or under someone's front yard - they say individual homeowners should pay for that	20	15	15	24
Q39. [JUSTICE] Thinking about the proposed rule you read about, who do you agree	ee with more?			
	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin
Supporters of the proposal who say U.S. water infrastructure is severely outdated, especially in low-income areas and communities of color who are disproportionately	<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>
impacted by contaminated water. They say access to safe drinking water should not be determined by how much money someone makes	68%	81%	62%	69%
excess of the EPA's acceptable level. This proposal is simply a radical transfer of wealth from working Americans to liberal ideologues who will hurt American consumers in the name of phony environmental justice	32	19	38	31

[PROGRAMMING NOTE: POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE MESSAGING SECTIONS WERE ROTATED WITH V3 IN BETWEEN]

B6. Below are some statements from supporters of the proposal to replace lead pipes across the country. Please indicate whether each statement is a convincing reason to support the proposal.

	CONV	ONVINCING Not		NET	
• [CHILDREN] Young children are especially vulnerable to lead. A dose of lead that would have little effect on an adult can have a significant effect on a child. In children, low levels of lead exposure have been linked to brain damage, learning disabilities, slowed growth, lower IQ, and impaired hearing. In fact, more than half a million children in the U.S. have elevated levels of lead in their blood	<u>Very</u> 66%	Some 29	convincing	CONVINCING 95%	
Illinois RV Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	67% 63% 64%	32 34 33	5 2 2 3	95% 98% 98% 97%	
 [LOCALIZE-MO] Missouri has the fourth-highest number of lead pipes per capita in the U.S. with an estimated 330,000 or more lead pipes carrying drinking water to Missourians daily - many of whom may not suspect their tap water could be contaminated with lead and elected officials have not made significant progress toward fixing this problem. Missouri RV 	57%	36	7	93%	
• [HUMAN RIGHT] Safe drinking water is a basic human right. No person in America should be forced to drink or cook with poisoned water that exposes them to severe health risks. While other countries have established more rigorous limits on lead levels in their water, U.S. policymakers have failed to protect Americans from excessive lead exposure. Nationwide RV	040/	00	0	000/	
Illinois RV Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	64% 64% 56% 58%	28 26 34 32	8 10 10 10	92% 90% 90% 90%	
• [IF ILLINOIS/SPLIT A] [LOCALIZE-IL] Illinois has more lead pipes than any other state in the nation. This means that families and children are more at risk of exposure to unsafe drinking water than anywhere else in the country - in fact, studies show that nearly 700,000 or more homes in Illinois are served by lead pipes, putting children and families at risk. Many of the Illinois residents may not even suspect their tap water could be contaminated with lead and elected officials have not made significant progress toward fixing this problem.					
Illinois RV	68%	29	3	97%	
• [HEALTH] Studies show there is no safe level of lead in drinking water. Today, lead pipes expose millions of Americans to long-term serious health risks - including cardiovascular complications, decreased kidney function, and reproductive problems in both men and women.					
Nationwide RV Illinois RV Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	57% 59% 51% 55%	33 31 41 27	10 10 8 18	90% 90% 92% 82%	

B6. Below are some statements from supporters of the proposal to replace lead pipes across the country. Please indicate whether each statement is a convincing reason to support the proposal.

	CONVINCING		Not	NET	
	<u>Very</u>	<u>Some</u>	convincing	CONVINCING	
• [IF ILLINOIS/SPLIT B] [LOCALIZE-CHICAGO] Illinois has more lead pipes than any other state in the nation and elected officials have not made significant progress toward fixing this problem. In two years, the city of Chicago has replaced less than one tenth of one percent of the 400,000 lead pipes despite other cities with similar lead problems replacing their lead pipes at a much faster rate.	500/	90		000/	
Illinois RV	59%	33	8	92%	
• [NO SHORTCUTS] If we want safe drinking water, we must get lead out of our water delivery systems. There are no shortcuts, and we can no longer afford to kick the can down the road. We need to act now to fix our water infrastructure because the longer we wait, the more expensive it will be to solve the problem when it becomes an even bigger public health crisis.					
Nationwide RV	56%	35	10	90%	
Illinois RV	65%	27 36	8	92% 86%	
Missouri RV Wisconsin RV	50% 50%	36 39	14 11	89%	
	0070				
• [EQUALITY/JUSTICE] Communities of color and low-income communities are disproportionately impacted by contaminated water that results from outdated, inadequate, or failing infrastructure. Access to safe drinking water should not be a privilege for the few. No one should have to suffer from lead contamination and the severe health risks it causes just because they live in the wrong zip code. Nationwide RV	55%	31	13	87%	
Illinois RV Missouri RV	56% 50%	33 33	11 17	89% 83%	
Wisconsin RV	50 % 52%	34	14	86%	
• [LOCALIZE-WI] Wisconsin has the highest number of lead pipes per capita in the U.S. with an estimated 329,000 or more lead pipes carrying drinking water to Wisconsinites daily - many of whom may not suspect their tap water could be contaminated with lead and elected officials have not made significant progress toward fixing this problem. Wisconsin RV	52%	36	12	88%	
• [EPA LIMITS] The Environmental Protection Agency is responsible for ensuring safe drinking water across the country, but the EPA's current rule on lead in water falls short. The U.S. rule sets no maximum amount of lead exposure allowed from tap water, unlike many other industrialized nations, and studies show that lead levels in many Americans' drinking water needs to be sharply lowered to prevent lead poisoning among young children.					
Nationwide RV	52%	40	8	92%	
Illinois RV Missouri RV	50% 55%	46 38	4	96% 93%	
Wisconsin RV Wisconsin RV	42%	38 46	7 12	88%	
		- 1			

v3. After reading this information, do you support or oppose updating a rule from the Environmental Protection Agency that would require water utilities to replace all of their lead pipes within the next 10 years?

					пеат	a Offig	
	Nationwide	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin	Positives	Negatives	
	RV			RV			
Strongly support	53%	63%	47%	42%	61%	46%	
Somewhat support	34	25	40	46	31	37	
Somewhat oppose	9	11	11	7	7	12	
Strongly oppose		1	2	6	2	5	
SUPPORT (NET)	87%	88	87	87	92	83	
OPPOSE (NET)	13	12	13	13	8	17	

Below is a statement from opponents of the proposal to replace lead pipes across the country. Please indicate whether this statement raises concerns for you about the proposal.

Access to safe water is important, but we already have rules in place to monitor lead levels and replace pipes that cause danger. Requiring water utilities to replace all existing pipes regardless of location or lead exposure is unnecessary, inefficient, and expensive. Water utilities that we rely on will go bankrupt in the process and those that don't will be forced to raise prices on consumers – leading to skyrocketing water bills. This is just another example of burdensome and underfunded government mandates that will harm taxpayers and raise prices on American families.

Q49. Does this statement raise concerns for you about the proposal?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			RV
Major concerns	45%	48%	44%	48%
Minor concerns	41	40	45	42
No concerns at all	14	11	10	10
RAISES CONCERN (NET)	86%	89	90	90
` ,				

V4. Sometimes in surveys like these people change their minds and sometimes they do not. After reading this information, do you support or oppose updating a rule from the Environmental Protection Agency that would require water utilities to replace all of their lead pipes within the next 10 years?

Heard First

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	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin	Positives	Negatives
	<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>		
Strongly support	52%	58%	44%	44%	54%	51%
Somewhat support	36	34	38	47	35	37
Somewhat oppose	7	8	13	5	8	7
Strongly oppose	4	1	5	5	3	5
SUPPORT (NET)	89%	91	82	91	89	88
OPPOSE (NET)	11	9	18	9	11	12

POL2. Would you have a more or less favorable opinion towards a policymaker who supports an EPA rule to replace all lead pipes in the next 10 years or less, or would it not make a difference in your opinion of them?

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	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin	<u>Positives</u>	Negatives
	<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>		
Much more favorable	35%	45%	34%	33%	35%	36%
Somewhat more favorable	33	29	37	35	34	32
No difference	26	22	20	24	24	27
Somewhat less favorable	4	4	9	6	5	3
Much less favorable	2	1	*	1	2	2
MORE FAVORABLE (NET)	69%	73	71	69	69	68
LESS FAVORABLE (NET)	6	4	9	7	7	5

Now there are just a few final questions for statistical purposes.

D100. Are you:

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	<u>RV</u>			RV
A man	47%	47%	47%	47%
A woman	53	53	53	53
Self-describe	*	-	*	-

DAGE. What is your age?

, ,	Nationwide	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			<u>RV</u>
18-29	17%	16%	17%	8%
30-44	26	26	26	27
45-54	15	16	15	16
55-64	17	17	17	20
65+	25	25	26	29

DRACE. Derived Race

		Nationwide	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
		<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>
	Black/African American	12%	14%	10%	6%
	White/Caucasian	70	69	85	89
	Hispanic/Latino	12	16	3	3
	Asian/Asian American	4	1	2	1
	Pacific Islander	1	-	-	-
	Native American/American Indian/Indigenous	2	-	*	1
	Middle Eastern/North African	*	-	-	-
	Other	-	-	-	-
VOL:	(Don't know/Refused)	_	-	_	-

D303. Hispanics and Latinos have their roots in many different countries. To what country or countries do you or your family trace your ancestry?

•	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin
	<u>RV</u>			<u>RV</u>
Mexico	45%	20%	24%	100%
Puerto Rico	26	37	79	-
Cuba	1	*	-	-
Argentina	3	-	-	-
Belize	*	*	-	-
Bolivia	-	-	-	-
Brazil	*	-	-	-
Chile	-	-	-	-
Colombia	4	-	-	-
Costa Rica	*	-	16	-
Dominican Republic	3	-	-	-
Ecuador	1	-	-	-
El Salvador	2	-	27	-
Guatemala	-	-	-	-
Honduras	-	-	-	-
Nicaragua	2	-	-	-
Panama	4	-	-	-
Paraguay	-	-	-	-
Peru	2	-	16	-
Spain	16	34	16	-
Uruguay	-	-	-	-
Venezuela	2	-	-	-
Other Country	6	21	-	-
Don't know/Not sure	1	-	3	-

D304. People in America of African descent have their roots in many different regions of the world. To what region of the world do you or your family trace your ancestry?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin
	RV	·		RV
The Caribbean	6%	4%	5%	4%
Africa	48	76	45	76
Central America	13	5	18	20
South America	5	2	-	-
Another region of the world	3	-	-	-
Don't know/Not sure	27	17	35	4

D102. What is the last grade of school or level of education you completed?

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<u>:V</u>
1%
22
7
28
0
26
6
1% 2 7 28 0 26 6

D112. Are you the parent or guardian of a child under the age of 18?				
2712.7110 you the parent of guardian of a office affect the age of 10.	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin
	RV			RV
Yes		29%	30%	33%
No	73	71	70	67
D105. When it comes to politics, do you generally think of yourself as:				
	<u>Nationwide</u> <u>RV</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin RV
Very liberal		15%	16%	13%
Somewhat liberal	16	22	14	16
Moderate	36	45	30	32
Somewhat conservative	18	10	26	26
Very conservative	15	7	14	13
LIBERAL (NET)		37	30	28
CONSERVATIVE (NET)	33	18	40	40
P443. Do you own or root the house or enartment where you live?				
D142. Do you own or rent the house or apartment where you live?	Nationwide	III:maia DV	Missessei DV	Wissensin
	Nationwide DV	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin
Own	<u>RV</u> 58%	62%	65%	<u>RV</u> 68%
Rent		33	33	31
Other	_	55 5	2	2
	Nationwide RV	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	Wisconsin RV
City	RV 27% 44 11	18% 63 6 12	20% 42 13 26	Wisconsin RV 23% 33 17 27
Suburban area	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV
Suburban area	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27%	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27%	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31%	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21%
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31%	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26 29
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23 13	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23 13	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26 29
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23 13 1	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26 29 21 - 1
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23 13 1	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26 29
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above Prefer not to say	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23 13 1	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26 29 21 - 1
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above	RV 27% 44 11 18 I family income Nationwide RV 27% 34 23 13 1	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1	RV 23% 33 17 27 Wisconsin RV 21% 26 29 21 - 1
Suburban area Small town Rural area D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above Prefer not to say	RV 27% 44 11 18 18	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12 3	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1 * 2	RV 23% 33 17 27
Suburban area. Small town Rural area. D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000. \$30,000 - \$59,999. \$60,000 - \$99,999. \$100,000 - \$199,999. \$200,000 - \$399,999. \$400,000 and above. Prefer not to say. D311. How would you describe yourself?	RV 27% 44 11 18 18	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12 3 -	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1 * 2	RV 23% 33 17 27
Suburban area. Small town Rural area. D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000. \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above. Prefer not to say. D311. How would you describe yourself? Working class.	RV 27% 44 11 18 18	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12 3 Illinois RV 24%	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1 * 2	RV 23% 33 17 27
Suburban area. Small town Rural area. D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above. Prefer not to say. D311. How would you describe yourself? Working class Lower middle class	RV 27% 44 11 18 18 18	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12 3 Illinois RV 24% 26	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1 * 2 Missouri RV 42% 17	RV 23% 33 17 27
Suburban area. Small town. Rural area. D900. And, for statistical purposes only, what would you say is your total annua Less than \$30,000 \$30,000 - \$59,999 \$60,000 - \$99,999 \$100,000 - \$199,999 \$200,000 - \$399,999 \$400,000 and above. Prefer not to say. D311. How would you describe yourself? Working class. Lower middle class. Middle class.	RV 27% 44 11 18 18	18% 63 6 12 before taxes? Illinois RV 27% 33 25 12 3 Illinois RV 24% 26	20% 42 13 26 Missouri RV 31% 37 15 14 1 2 Missouri RV 42% 17 35	RV 23% 33 17 27

VH20. Thinking back, in the November 2020 general election for President, who did you vote for? Or did you not vote in that election?

	<u>Nationwide</u>	<u>Illinois RV</u>	<u>Missouri RV</u>	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			RV
Voted for Democrat Joe Biden	<u>46</u> %	52%	35%	49 %
Voted for Republican Donald Trump	41	36	48	47
Voted for someone else	2	1	4	1
Did not vote	9	11	13	4

REGION. Region

	<u>Nationwide</u>	Illinois RV	Missouri RV	<u>Wisconsin</u>
	RV			RV
Northeast	18%	-	-	-
Midwest	22	100	100	100
South	39	-	-	-
West	22	_	_	_