

Fairbank, Maslin, Maullin, Metz & Associates - FM3

Public Opinion Research & Strategy

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TO: Interested Parties

FROM: Dave Metz and Emma White

Fairbank, Maslin, Maullin, Metz & Associates

Lori Weigel

Public Opinion Strategies

DATE: February 3, 2015

RE: Findings of a Pennsylvania Statewide Survey on Energy Issues

A recent statewide survey in Pennsylvania finds that <u>eight in ten, including majorities across</u> <u>party lines, favor state-based action to reduce carbon dioxide emissions in compliance with the EPA's new restrictions on coal-fired power plant emissions.¹ Pennsylvanians are especially enthusiastic about energy efficiency and wind and solar power, which they see as creating jobs, cleaning the air, and increasing energy independence. Unsurprisingly, therefore, components of a state-based emissions reduction plan which emphasize these actions are particularly popular, receiving support from over eight in ten.</u>

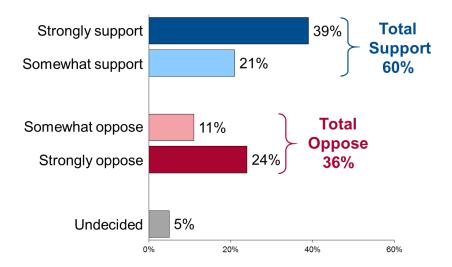
Key specific findings of the research include the following:

• The Clean Power Plan finds majority support. After hearing that *President Obama has directed the Environmental Protection Agency, known as the E-P-A for short, to set strict carbon dioxide emission limits on existing coal-fired power plants with a goal to reduce emissions significantly by the year 2030*, 60 percent "support" the plan, including 39 percent who "strongly" support it, as shown in Figure 1 on the next page. Opposition stands at 36 percent (24% "strongly").

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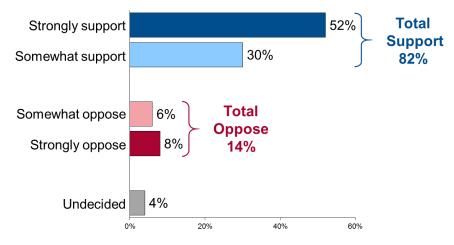
¹ <u>Methodology:</u> The bipartisan team of Fairbank, Maslin, Maullin, Metz & Associates (FM3) and Public Opinion Strategies (POS) conducted a survey of 400 registered voters in Pennsylvania via landline and cell phone from December 17-18, 2014. The margin of sampling error for the full study is +/- 4.9 percentage points at the 95% confidence level; margins of error for population subgroups will be higher. Due to rounding, some percentages may not sum to 100%.

FIGURE 1: Support for Clean Power Plan



• A Pennsylvania-specific clean energy and pollution reduction plan is even more popular, with support crossing party lines. As shown in Figure 2, eight in ten (82%) "support" Pennsylvania developing its own state plan to reduce carbon pollution and increase the use of clean energy and energy efficiency, after hearing that the new federal rules will require Pennsylvania to reduce carbon dioxide emissions by 32 percent by 2030.

FIGURE 2: Support for a Pennsylvania Carbon Reduction Plan

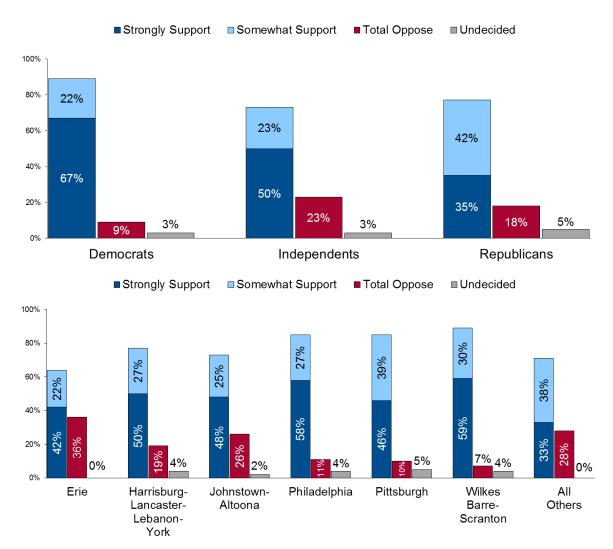


In addition, as shown in **Figure 3** on the following page, broad majorities of Democrats (89%), Republicans (77%) and independents (73%) support developing a state-level plan, along with majorities in every media market in the state.





FIGURE 3: Support for Pennsylvania Carbon Reduction Plan by Party and Media Market

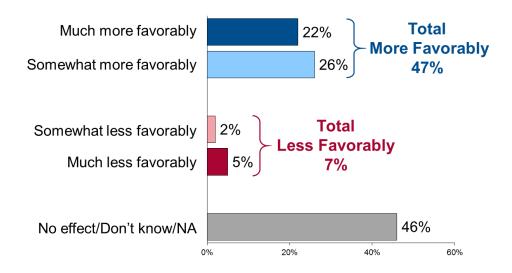


• Support for a state plan would have a positive impact on perceptions of Governor Wolf. If the governor were to develop a state plan to reduce carbon pollution and promote the use of clean energy and increased energy efficiency, nearly half (47%) say such an action would make them view him more favorably, while only seven percent would view him less favorably, as shown in **Figure 4** on the next page. The impact is a net positive among all political parties; even Republican voters say developing a plan would make them view Wolf *more* favorably, by a 30 percent to 11 percent margin.





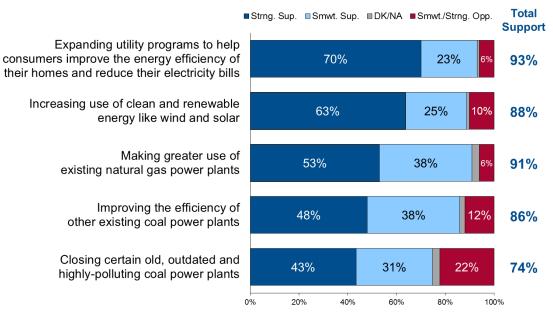
FIGURE 4: Impact on Views of Wolf if He Supports State Plan



• Broad majorities support all elements of the plan, with efficiency and clean energy particularly popular. Pennsylvanians support all elements of a potential plan for Pennsylvania presented in the survey and are especially enthusiastic about potential components that focus on clean energy and energy efficiency, as shown in Figure 5. For example, 93 percent support expanding utility programs to help consumers improve the energy efficiency of their homes and reduce their electricity bills, (70% "strongly") and 88 percent support increasing use of clean and renewable energy like wind and solar (63% "strongly").

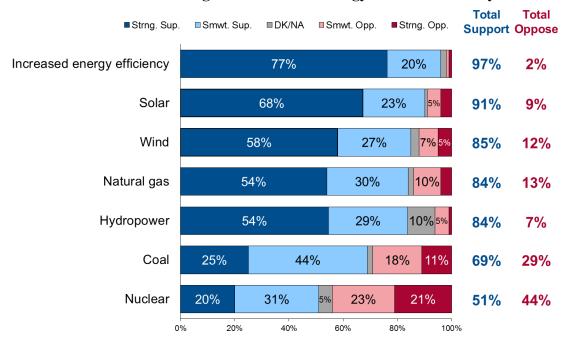
FIGURE 5: Support for Components of Potential Pennsylvania Emissions Reduction Plan





• Pennsylvanians are enthusiastic about the state increasing its use of energy efficiency and clean energy sources. As shown in the following graphs, nearly all favor *increased energy efficiency* (97% support) as a way to meet Pennsylvania's future needs, and over eight in ten want to increase the use of a number of renewable sources, including *solar* (91% support), *wind* (85%), and *hydropower* (84%). Majorities strongly support the use of each of the above, as shown in **Figure 6.**

FIGURE 6: Attitudes toward Increasing Use of Various Energy Sources in Pennsylvania



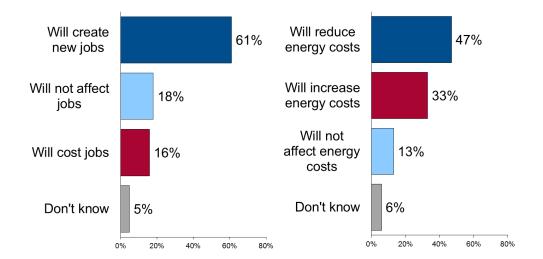




• Majorities believe clean energy will create jobs and will not increase costs for consumers. Over six in ten say that increasing the use of clean, renewable energy sources like wind and solar power in Pennsylvania will create jobs (61%), while only 16 percent say it will cost jobs. Equally importantly, most do not believe these benefits come with a financial cost. Only 33 percent say increasing the use of clean, renewable energy sources will increase energy costs, compared to (47%) who say it will decrease energy costs. These attitudes are illustrated in Figure 7 on the following page.



FIGURE 7: Perceived Impacts of Increasing Pennsylvania's Use of Clean, Renewable Energy



Overall, the survey results show <u>strong</u> and <u>bipartisan support for a state-based plan to reduce coal-fired power plant emissions, particularly when the plan emphasizes investments in energy efficiency and renewable energy sources such as wind and solar power. Putting forward such a plan has the potential to generate substantial enthusiasm in Pennsylvania.</u>

